0.05-0.5 milligram per pound of body weight and is also administered intravenously to dogs and cats as a preanesthetic at a dosage level of 0.25 milligram per pound of body weight.

(2) It is not to be used in conjunction with organophosphates and/or procaine hydrochloride since phenothiazines may potentiate the toxicity of organophosphates and the activity of procaine hydrochloride.

(3) For use only by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

[40 FR 13858, Mar. 27, 1975, as amended at 46 FR 60570, Dec. 11, 1981; 61 FR 5507, Feb. 13, 1996]

§522.2005 Propofol injection.

- (a) Specifications. The drug is a sterile, nonpyrogenic, oil-in-water emulsion containing 10 milligrams of propofol per milliliter.
- (b) *Sponsor*. See No. 000061 in §510.600(c) of this chapter for use as in paragraphs (c)(1) and (c)(2) of this section. See No. 000074 in §510.600(c) of this chapter for use as in paragraph (c)(1) of this section.
- (c) Conditions of use—(1) Dogs. (i) The drug is indicated for use as an anesthetic as follows: As a single injection to provide general anesthesia for procedures lasting up to 5 minutes; for induction and maintenance of general anesthesia using incremental doses to effect; for induction of general anesthesia where maintenance is provided by inhalant anesthetics.
- (ii) The drug is administered by intravenous injection as follows: For induction of general anesthesia without the use of preanesthetics the dosage is 5.5 to 7.0 milligrams per kilogram (2.5 to 3.2 milligrams per pound); for the maintenance of general anesthesia without the use of preanesthetics the dosage is 1.1 to 3.3 milligrams per kilogram (0.5 to 1.5 milligrams per pound). The use of preanesthetic medication reduces propofol dose requirements.
- (iii) Adequate data concerning safe use of propofol in pregnant and breeding dogs have not been obtained. Doses may need adjustment for geriatric or debilitated patients. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.
- (2) Cats. (i) The drug is indicated for use as an anesthetic as follows: As a

single injection to provide general anesthesia for short procedures, for induction and maintenance of general anesthesia using incremental doses to effect, and for induction of general anesthesia where maintenance is provided by inhalant anesthetics.

(ii) The drug is administered by intravenous injection as follows: For induction of general anesthesia without the use of preanesthetics the dosage is 8.0 to 13.2 milligrams per kilogram (3.6 to 6.0 milligrams per pound). For the maintenance of general anesthesia without the use of preanesthetics the dosage is 1.1 to 4.4 milligrams per kilogram (0.5 to 2.0 milligrams per pound). The use of preanesthetic medication reduces propofol dose requirements.

(iii) Adequate data concerning safe use of propofol in pregnant and breeding cats have not been obtained. Doses may need adjustment for geriatric or debilitated patients. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

[61 FR 66582, Dec. 18, 1996, as amended at 62 FR 61625, Nov. 19, 1997; 63 FR 24420, May 4, 1998; 64 FR 13510, Mar. 19, 1999]

§522.2012 Prostalene solution.

- (a) *Specifications.* Each milliliter of sterile solution contains 1 milligram of prostalene.
- (b) *Sponsor*. No. 000856 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (c) Conditions of use—Horses. (1) It is used in mares for the control of estrus.
- (2) It is administered at a dose of 5 micrograms per kilogram of body weight as a single subcutaneous injection.
- (3) Not for use in horses intended for food.
- (4) Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

[41 FR 26854, June 30, 1976, as amended at 61 FR 5507, Feb. 13, 1996]

§ 522.2063 Pyrilamine maleate injection.

- (a) *Specifications*. The drug is a sterile aqueous solution with each milliliter containing 20 milligrams of pyrilamine maleate.
- (b) Sponsors. See No. 000061 in \$510.600(c) of this chapter for uses in paragraph (c)(2)(i) of this section; see